

Anti-GFP Tag Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Introduction



Swiss-Prot Acc.Q963I9.Green fluorescent protein (GFP) has been engineered to produce a vast number of variously colored mutants, fusion proteins, and biosensors. Fluorescent proteins and its mutated allelic forms, blue, cyan and yellow have become a useful and ubiquitous tool for making chimeric proteins, where they function as a fluorescent protein tag. Typically they tolerate N- and C-terminal fusion to a broad variety of proteins.

Product parameters

Alternative Names	GFP; Green Fluorescent Protein; enhanced Green Fluorescent Protein.
Gene ID	-
Gene Name	GFP
SwissProt ID	Q963I9
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Species-independent APEXE
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 27 kDa; Observed MW: Refer to figures
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Ex	-
Em	-
Modification	Unmodified
Clonality	IgG
Isotype	Polyclonal Antibody
Clonality No.	-
Form	Liquid
Concentration	See label
Carrier	Carrier Free
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from green fluorescent protein
Purification	Affinity Chromatography
Buffer System	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Application	WB, IHC-P, ICC/IF
Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/1000-1/10000 IHC: 1/50-1/200 IF: 1/100-1/500
Research Field	Tags & Cell Markers
Product Categories	Primary antibody

Shipping	Blue ice
Storage	-20°C
Expiration Date	12 months
Note	Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.





Configure the product according to the application range and recommended dilution ratio.

*Note: The primary antibody dilution buffer options: WB - Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer (Cat. #: K1200, Not for HRP/AP conjugated antibodies), Immunostaining - Immunol Staining Primary Antibody Dilution Solution (Cat. #: K4655).

Note

1. This product is for scientific research use only.





