

Recombinant Rat Eotaxin/CCL11

Information

Gene ID	29397
Accession #	P97545
Alternate Names	Small-inducible Cytokine A11
Source	Escherichia coli.
M.Wt	Approximately 8.4 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 74 amino acids.
AA Sequence	HPGSIPTSCC FTMTSKKIPN TLLKSYKRIT NNRCTLKAIV FTKLGKEIC ADPKKKWVQD ATKHLDQKLQ TPKP
Appearance	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles - 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied - 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution - 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 150 mM NaCl.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
Biological Activity	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using purified eosinophils is in a concentration range of 0.1-1.0 µg/ml.
Shipping Condition	Gel pack.
Handling	Centrifuge the vial prior to opening.
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not to be used in humans.

Components and Storage

Components	5µg	100µg	500µg
Recombinant Rat Eotaxin/CCL11	5µg	100µg	500µg

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- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
- 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution

Quality Control

Purity	> 96 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Endotoxin	Less than 1 EU/µg of rRtEotaxin/CCL11 as determined by LAL method.

Description

CCL11 encoded by the gene CCL11 is belonging to the CC chemokine family. It is a potent eosinophil chemoattractant that was originally purified from bronchoalveolar lavage fluid of guinea pigs sensitized by aerosol challenge with ovalbumin. CCL11 is a strong and specific eosinophil chemoattractant in vitro. It can directly chemotactic for eosinophils, but not for monocytes or neutrophils. CCR3 has been identified to be a specific CCL11 receptor. CCR3 has also been shown to serve as a cofactor for a restricted subset of primary HIV viruses and binding of CCL11 to CCR3 inhibited infection by the HIV isolates.

Reference

1. Ponath PD, Qin S, Ringler DJ, et al. 1996. J Clin Invest. 97:604-12
2. Jose PJ, Griffiths-Johnson DA, Collins PD, et al. 1994. J Exp Med. 179:881-7
3. Garcia-Zepeda EA, Rothenberg ME, Ownbey RT, et al. 1996. Nat Med. 2:449-56
4. Kitamura K, Singer WD, Star RA, et al. 1996. J Biol Chem. 271:7412-5.

APExBIO Technology

www.apexbt.com

7505 Fannin street, Suite 410, Houston, TX 77054.

Tel: +1-832-696-8203 | Fax: +1-832-641-3177 | Email: info@apexbt.com