

## Recombinant Human Insulin-like Growth Factor-1 A70T

### Information

<b>Gene ID</b>	
<b>Accession #</b>	
<b>Alternate Names</b>	
<b>Source</b>	E. coli
<b>M.Wt</b>	Approximately 7.7 kDa, a single polypeptide chain containing 70 amino acids.
<b>AA Sequence</b>	GPETLCGAEL VDALQFVCGD RGFYFNKPTG YGSSSRAPQ TGIVDECCFR SCDLRRLEMY CAPLKPAKST
<b>Appearance</b>	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles - 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied - 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution - 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, 150 mM NaCl, pH6.0.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20°C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
<b>Biological Activity</b>	Test in process.
<b>Shipping Condition</b>	Gel pack.
<b>Handling</b>	Centrifuge the vial prior to opening.
<b>Usage</b>	For Research Use Only! Not to be used in humans.

### Components and Storage

Components	100µg	500µg	
Recombinant Human Insulin-like Growth Factor-1 A70T	100µg	500µg	

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- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
- 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution

## Quality Control

Purity	> 95% by SDS-PAGE analyses.
Endotoxin	Less than 0.1 EU/μg of rHuIGF-1 A70T as determined by LAL method.

## Description

IGF-1 belonged to the insulin gene family, is a mitogenic polypeptide growth factor that stimulate the proliferation and survival of various cell types including muscle, bone, and cartilage tissue in vitro. It is produced primarily by the liver as an endocrine hormone as well as in target tissues in a paracrine/autocrine fashion. The production of IGF-1 is stimulated by growth hormone (GH) and can be retarded by undernutrition, growth hormone insensitivity, lack of growth hormone receptors, or failures of the downstream signaling pathway post GH receptor including SHP2 and STAT5B.

## Reference

**APExBIO Technology**

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