

# Recombinant Murine Beta-defensin 14

#### Information

Gene ID	244332	
Accession #	Q7TNV9	
Alternate Names		
Source	Escherichia coli.	
M.Wt	Approximately 5.2 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 45 amino acid residues.	
AA Sequence	FLPKTLRKFF CRIRGGRCAV LNCLGKEEQI GRCSNSGRKC CRKKK	
Appearance	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.	
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles - 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied - 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution - 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution	
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4.	
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.	
Biological Activity	Testing in progress.	
Shipping Condition	Gel pack.	
Handling	Centrifuge the vial prior to opening.	
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not to be used in humans.	

## Components and Storage

Components	100µg	500µg	
Recombinant Murine Beta-defensin 14	100µg	500µg	

Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles

- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
- 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution

### Quality Control

Purity	> 96 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.	Page Lande to Day
Endotoxin	Less than 0.1 EU/μg of rMuBD-14 as determine	ned by LAL method.

#### Description

Defensins (alpha and beta) are cationic peptides with antimicrobial activity against Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria, fungi, and enveloped viruses. They are 2-6 k Da proteins and take important roles in innate immune system. On the basis of their size and pattern of disulfide bonding, mammalian defensins are classified into alpha, beta and theta categories.  $\beta$ -Defensins contain a six-cysteine motif that forms three intra-molecular disulfide bonds. Four human  $\beta$ -defensins have been identified and they are expressed on some leukocytes and at epithelial surfaces. Because  $\beta$ -defensins is cationic peptides, they can therefore interact with the membrane of invading microbes, which are negative due to lipopolysaccharides (LPS) and lipoteichoic acid (LTA) found in the cell membrane. Especially, they have higher affinity to the binding site compared to Ca2+ and Mg2+ ions. Furthermore, they can affect the stability of the membrane.

#### Reference





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