

## Recombinant Rat Glia Maturation Factor beta

### Information

<b>Gene ID</b>	81661
<b>Accession #</b>	Q63228
<b>Alternate Names</b>	GMFB
<b>Source</b>	Escherichia coli.
<b>M.Wt</b>	Approximately 16.6 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 141 amino acids.
<b>AA Sequence</b>	SESLVVCDDVA EDLVEKLRKF RFRKETHNAA IIMKIDKDKR LVLDEELEG VSPDELKDEL PERQPRFIVY SYKYQHDDGR VSYPLCFIFS SPLGCKPEQQ MMYAGSKNKL VQTAELTKVF EIRNTEDLTE EWLREKLGFF H
<b>Appearance</b>	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles - 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied - 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution - 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
<b>Biological Activity</b>	Data is not available.
<b>Shipping Condition</b>	Gel pack.
<b>Handling</b>	Centrifuge the vial prior to opening.
<b>Usage</b>	For Research Use Only! Not to be used in humans.

### Components and Storage

Components	10µg	100µg	500µg
Recombinant Rat Glia Maturation Factor beta	10µg	100µg	500µg

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- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution
- 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution

## Quality Control

Purity	> 98 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Endotoxin	Less than 1 EU/ $\mu$ g of rRtGMF- $\beta$ as determined by LAL method.

## Description

The glia maturation factor beta belongs to the actin-binding proteins ADF family, GMF subfamily. It contains an ADF-H domain, but the research of crystallography and NMR reveals that there are structures different between human and mouse ADF-H domain. GMF- $\beta$  is involved in the differentiation, maintenance, and regeneration of the nervous system. It also inhibition of proliferation of tumor cells.

## Reference

1. Gandhi M, Smith BA, Bovellan M, et al. 2010. Curr Biol, 20: 861-7
2. Roman A and Tombarkiewicz B. 2009. Bioelectromagnetics, 30: 21-8
3. Ohnishi T, Arita N, Hayakawa T, et al. 1993. Biochem Biophys Res Commun, 193: 518-25
4. Nakano K, Kuwayama H, Kawasaki M, et al. 2010. Cytoskeleton (Hoboken), 67: 373-82.

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