

Anti-Toll-Like Receptor 9 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Introduction

Key component of innate and adaptive immunity. TLRs (Toll-like receptors) control host immune response against pathogens through recognition of molecular patterns specific of microorganisms. TLR9 is a nucleotide-sensing TLR which is activated by unmethylated cytidine-phosphate-guanosine (CpG) dinucleotides. Acts via MYD88 and TRAF6, leading to NF-kappa-B activation, cytokine secretion and the inflammatory response.

Product parameters

Alternative Names	Toll-Like Receptor 9; CD289; TLR9; Toll like receptor 9; Toll like receptor 9 isoform A precursor; Toll like receptor 9 isoform B
Gene ID	54106
Gene Name	TLR9
SwissProt ID	Q9NR96
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human Addition Facilities the University
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 116 kDa; Observed MW: 130 kDa
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Ex	-
Em	-
Modification	Unmodified
Clonality	IgG
Isotype	Monoclonal Antibody
Clonality No.	AP-7H9G11
Form	Liquid
Concentration	See label
Carrier	Carrier Free
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human TLR9
Purification Purior	Affinity Chromatography
Buffer System	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Application	WB
Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000
Research Field	Immunology
Product Categories	Primary antibody

Shipping	Blue ice
Storage	-20°C
Expiration Date	12 months
Note	Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

| Protocol | | |



Configure the product according to the application range and recommended dilution ratio.

*Note: The primary antibody dilution buffer options: WB - Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer (Cat. #: K1200, Not for HRP/AP conjugated antibodies), Immunostaining - Immunol Staining Primary Antibody Dilution Solution (Cat. #: K4655).

Note

1. This product is for scientific research use only.





