

Anti-Superoxide Dismutase 1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Introduction

SOD1, Cu/Zn superoxide dismutase, is a major antioxidant enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of superoxide anion to hydrogen peroxide and molecular oxygen. The mechanism by which mutant SOD1 induces the neurodegeneration observed in ALS is still unclear. Mutant SOD1 proteins become misfolded and consequently oligomerize into high molecular weight species that aggregate and end up in proteinaceous inclusions.

Product parameters

Alternative Names	SOD1; Superoxide dismutase [Cu-Zn]; Superoxide dismutase 1; hSod1
Gene ID	6647
Gene Name	SOD1
SwissProt ID	P00441
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human O APEXBIO
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 16 kDa; Observed MW: 16 kDa
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Ex	-
Em	-
Modification	Unmodified
Clonality	IgG
Isotype	Monoclonal Antibody
Clonality No.	AP-1C12F2
Form	Liquid
Concentration	See label
Carrier	Carrier Not Free
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of human Superoxide Dismutase 1
Purification	Affinity Purified Affinity Purified
Buffer System	50mM Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Application	WB, IHC-F, IHC-P, ICC/IF
Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000 IHC: 1/50-1/100 IF: 1/50-1/200
Research Field	Signal Transduction
roduct Categories	Primary antibody

Shipping	Blue ice
Storage	-20°C
Expiration Date	12 months
Note	Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Protocol



Configure the product according to the application range and recommended dilution ratio.

*Note: The primary antibody dilution buffer options: WB - Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer (Cat. #: K1200, Not for HRP/AP conjugated antibodies), Immunostaining - Immunol Staining Primary Antibody Dilution Solution (Cat. #: K4655).

Note

1. This product is for scientific research use only.





