

# **Anti-NTH1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**

## Introduction

Bifunctional DNA N-glycosylase with associated apurinic/apyrimidinic (AP) lyase function that catalyzes the first step in base excision repair (BER), the primary repair pathway for the repair of oxidative DNA damage. The DNA N-glycosylase activity releases the damaged DNA base from DNA by cleaving the N-glycosidic bond, leaving an AP site. The AP-lyase activity cleaves the phosphodiester bond 3' to the AP site by a beta-elimination. Primarily recognizes and repairs oxidative base damage of pyrimidines. Has also 8-oxo-7,8-dihydroguanine (8-oxoG) DNA glycosylase activity. Acts preferentially on DNA damage opposite guanine residues in DNA. Is able to process lesions in nucleosomes without requiring or inducing nucleosome disruption.

## Product parameters

Alternative Names	FAP3; NTH1; OCTS3; hNTH1
Gene ID	4913
Gene Name	NTHL1 O
SwissProt ID	P78549 Achieve Perfection, Exprore the Unknown
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 34 kDa; Observed MW: 34 kDa
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Ex	-
Em	-
Modification	Unmodified
Clonality	IgG
Isotype	Monoclonal Antibody
Clonality No.	AP-7G8H4
Form	Liquid
Concentration	See label APEXBIO
Carrier	Carrier Not Free
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of human NTH1
Purification	Affinity Purified
Buffer System	50mM Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Application	WB, ICC/IF

Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000 IF: 1/50-1/200
Research Field	Epigenetics and Nuclear Signaling
Product Categories	Primary antibody
Shipping	Blue ice
Storage	-20°C
Expiration Date	12 months
Note	Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

### Protocol

Configure the product according to the application range and recommended dilution ratio.

\*Note: The primary antibody dilution buffer options: WB - Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer (Cat. #: K1200, Not for HRP/AP conjugated antibodies), Immunostaining - Immunol Staining Primary Antibody Dilution Solution (Cat. #: K4655).

### Note

1. This product is for scientific research use only.

















