

Anti-Lactate Dehydrogenase A Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) catalyzes the interconversion of pyruvate and NADH to lactate and NAD+. When the oxygen supply is too low for mitochondrial ATP production, this reaction recycles NADH generated in glycolysis to NAD+, which reenters glycolysis. The major form of LDH found in muscle cells is the A (LDHA) isozyme.

Product parameters

Alternative Names	LDHA; LDH-M; LDH1; PIG19; GSD11; TRG5; Proliferation inducing gene 19
Gene ID	3939
Gene Name	LDHA
SwissProt ID	P00338
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 37 kDa; Observed MW: 37 kDa
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Ex	-
Em	-
Modification	Unmodified
Clonality	lgG
Isotype	Monoclonal Antibody
Clonality No.	AP-17G10D5
Form	Liquid
Concentration	See label
Carrier	Carrier Free
Immunogen	A synthesized peptide derived from human Lactate Dehydrogenase
Purification	Affinity Chromatography
Buffer System	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol
Application	WB, IHC-P, ICC/IF, FC, IP
Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000 IHC: 1/50-1/100 IF: 1/50-1/200 IP: 1/50 FC: 1/50-1/100
Research Field	Signal Transduction
Product Categories	Primary antibody

Shipping	Blue ice
Storage	-20°C
Expiration Date	12 months
Note	Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Protocol P Ex B 0



Configure the product according to the application range and recommended dilution ratio.

*Note: The primary antibody dilution buffer options: WB - Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer (Cat. #: K1200, Not for HRP/AP conjugated antibodies), Immunostaining - Immunol Staining Primary Antibody Dilution Solution (Cat. #: K4655).

Note

1. This product is for scientific research use only.





