

Anti-Factor XIIIa Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Introduction

Factor XIII is activated by thrombin and calcium ion to a transglutaminase that catalyzes the formation of gamma-glutamyl-epsilon-lysine cross-links between fibrin chains, thus stabilizing the fibrin clot. Also cross-link alpha-2-plasmin inhibitor, or fibronectin, to the alpha chains of fibrin.

Product parameters

Alternative Names	Coagulation factor XIIIa; F13A; F13a1; Fibrin stabilizing factor; A subunit; Fibrinolygase; TGase; Transglutaminase A chain
Gene ID	2162
Gene Name	F13A1
SwissProt ID	P00488
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 83 kDa; Observed MW: 83 kDa
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Ex	-
Em	-
Modification	Unmodified
Clonality	IgG
Isotype	Monoclonal Antibody
Clonality No.	AP-10B11A1
Form	Liquid
Concentration	See label
Carrier	Carrier Not Free
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of human Factor XIIIa
Purification	Affinity Purified
Buffer System	50mM Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Application	WB, IHC-P
Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000 IHC: 1/50-1/100
Research Field	Cardiovascular
Product Categories	Primary antibody
Shipping	Blue ice

Storage	-20°C
Expiration Date	12 months
Note	Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Protocol

Configure the product according to the application range and recommended dilution ratio.

***Note:** The primary antibody dilution buffer options: WB - Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer (Cat. #: K1200, Not for HRP/AP conjugated antibodies), Immunostaining - Immunol Staining Primary Antibody Dilution Solution (Cat. #: K4655).

Note

1. This product is for scientific research use only.



APExBIO Technology

www.apexbt.com

7505 Fannin street, Suite 410, Houston, TX 77054.

Tel: +1-832-696-8203 | Fax: +1-832-641-3177 | Email: info@apexbt.com

