

Anti-Bax (2B12) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Introduction

Bax is a key component for cellular induced apoptosis through mitochondrial stress. Upon apoptotic stimulation, Bax forms oligomers and translocates from the cytosol to the mitochondrial membrane. Through interactions with pore proteins on the mitochondrial membrane, Bax increases the membrane's permeability, which leads to the release of cytochrome c from mitochondria, activation of caspase-9 and initiation of the caspase activation pathway for apoptosis.

Product parameters

Alternative Names	Apoptosis regulator BAX; BAX; Bcl-2-like protein 4; BCL2-associated X protein; Bcl2-L-4; BCL2L4
Gene ID	581
Gene Name	BAX
SwissProt ID	Q07812
Host	Mouse
Reactivity	Human, Monkey
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 21 kDa; Observed MW: 21 kDa
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Ex	-
Em	-
Modification	Unmodified
Clonality	IgG2a
Isotype	Monoclonal Antibody
Clonality No.	AP-2F8C8
Form	Liquid
Concentration	See label
Carrier	Carrier Not Free
Immunogen	Purified recombinant human Bax protein fragments expressed in E.coli
Purification	Affinity Purified
Buffer System	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide, pH 7.3.
Application	WB
Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000
Research Field	Cell Biology

Product Categories	Primary antibody
Shipping	Blue ice
Storage	-20°C
Expiration Date	12 months
Note	Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.



Protocol

Configure the product according to the application range and recommended dilution ratio.

***Note:** The primary antibody dilution buffer options: WB - Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer (Cat. #: K1200, Not for HRP/AP conjugated antibodies), Immunostaining - Immunol Staining Primary Antibody Dilution Solution (Cat. #: K4655).

Note

1. This product is for scientific research use only.



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