

Anti-ADH5 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Introduction

Class-III ADH is remarkably ineffective in oxidizing ethanol, but it readily catalyzes the oxidation of long-chain primary alcohols and the oxidation of S-(hydroxymethyl) glutathione. There are 7 different ADH's isozymes in human: three belongs to class-I: alpha, beta, and gamma, one to class-II: pi, one to class-III: chi, one to class-IV: ADH7 and one to class-V: ADH6.

Product parameters

Alternative Names	FDH; ADHX; ADH-3; FALDH; GSNOR; GSH-FDH; HEL-S-60p
Gene ID	128
Gene Name	ADH5
SwissProt ID	P11766
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Molecular Weight	Calculated MW: 40 kDa; Observed MW: 40 kDa
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Ex	-
Em	-
Modification	Unmodified
Clonality	IgG
Isotype	Monoclonal Antibody
Clonality No.	AP-20H11D9
Form	Liquid
Concentration	See label
Carrier	Carrier Not Free
Immunogen	A synthetic peptide of human ADH5
Purification	Affinity Purified
Buffer System	50mM Tris-Glycine (pH 7.4), 0.15M NaCl, 40% Glycerol, 0.01% Sodium azide and 0.05% BSA.
Application	WB, IHC-P, IP
Dilution Ratio	WB: 1/500-1/1000 IHC: 1/50-1/100 IP: 1/20
Research Field	Cell Biology
Product Categories	Primary antibody

Shipping	Blue ice
Storage	-20°C
Expiration Date	12 months
Note	Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Protocol



Configure the product according to the application range and recommended dilution ratio.

***Note:** The primary antibody dilution buffer options: WB - Primary Antibody Dilution Buffer (Cat. #: K1200, Not for HRP/AP conjugated antibodies), Immunostaining - Immunol Staining Primary Antibody Dilution Solution (Cat. #: K4655).

Note

1. This product is for scientific research use only.



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