

Product Information

Caspase-12 Fluorometric Assay Kit

I. Kit Contents:

Component	K2150-25	K2150-100	Part Number
	25 assays	100 assays	
Cell Lysis Buffer	25 ml	100 ml	K2150-C-1
2X Reaction Buffer	2 ml	4 x 2 ml	K2150-C-2
ATAD-AFC (1 mM)	125 µl	500 µl	K2150-C-3
DTT (1 M)	100 µ1	400 µl	K2150-C-4

II. Introduction:

Caspases (Cysteine-dependent aspartate-directed proteases) are a family of cysteine proteases that play important roles in apoptosis, inflammation and necrosis. Sequential activation of caspases plays an important role in cell apoptosis. Caspase-12 is an inflammatory caspase that is involved in processing and activating inflammatory cytokines such as interleukin 1 and interleukin 18. Inhibition of caspase-12 leads to a stronger inflammatory reaction to bacterial pathogens.

Caspase-12 Fluorometric Assay Kit provides a highly sensitive, simple and convenient way for detecting the ATAD-dependent caspase activity based on detection of cleavage of substrate ATAD-AFC. ATAD-AFC (AFC: 7-amino-4-trifluoromethyl coumarin) emits blue light (λ max = 400 nm); while cleavage of ATAD-AFC by caspase-12 or related caspases, free AFC emits a yellow-green fluorescence (λ max = 505 nm) that can be quantified by using a fluorecence microtiter plate reader or a fluorometer. Comparison of the fluorescence from an apoptotic sample with an uninduced control determines the fold increase in caspase-12 activity.

III. Caspase-12 Assay Protocol:

A. General Considerations

Aliquot enough 2X Reaction Buffer for the number of assays to be performed. Add DTT to the 2X Reaction Buffer immediately before use (10 mM final concentration: add 10 µl of 1.0 M DTT stock per 1 ml of 2X Reaction Buffer). After thawing, store the Cell Lysis Buffer and 2X Reaction Buffer at 4°C. Protect ATAD-AFC from light.

B. Assay Procedure

- 1. Induce apoptosis in cells by desired method. Concurrently incubate a control culture without induction.
- 2. Count cells and pellet 2 5 x 106 cells or use 100-300 µg cell lysates if protein concentration has been measured.
- 3. Resuspend cells in 50 µl of chilled Cell Lysis Buffer. Incubate on ice for 10 min.
- 4. Add 50 µl of 2X Reaction Buffer (containing 10 mM DTT) to each sample.
- 5. Add 5 µl of the ATAD-AFC substrate (50 µM final concentration) and incubate at 37°C for 1 2 hour.

6. Read samples in a fluorometer equipped with a 400 nm excitation filter and 505 nm emission filter. For a plate-reading set-up, transfer the samples to a 96-well plate. You may also perform the entire assay directly in a 96-well plate.

Fold increase in Caspase-12 activity can be determined by comparing these results with the level of the uninduced control.

IV. Storage and Stability:

Store kit at -20°C (Store Cell Lysis Buffer & 2X Reaction Buffer at 4°C after opening). All reagents are stable for 6 months from date of receipt under proper storage conditions.



Problems	Cause	Solution
Assay not working	Cells did not lyse completely	• Resuspend the cell pellet in the lysis buffer and incubate as
	• Experiment was not performed at optimal time after	described in the datasheet
	apoptosis induction	• Perform a time-course induction experiment for apoptosis
	• Plate read at incorrect wavelength	• Check the wavelength listed in the datasheet and the filter
	• Old DTT used	settings of the instrument
		• Always use freshly thawed DTT in the cell lysis buffer
High Background	Increased amount of cell lysate used	• Refer to datasheet and use the suggested cell number to
	• Increased amounts of components added due to incorrect	prepare lysates
	pipetting	• Use calibrated pipettes
	• Incubation of cell samples for extended periods	• Refer to datasheet and incubate for exact times
	• Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents	• Always check the expiry date and store the individual
	Contaminated cells	components appropriately
		Check for bacteria/ yeast/ mycoplasma contamination
Lower signal	Cells did not initiate apoptosis	• Determine the time-point for initiation of apoptosis after
levels	• Very few cells used for analysis	induction (time-course experiment)
	• Use of samples stored for a long time	• Refer to datasheet for appropriate cell number
	• Incorrect setting of the equipment used to read samples	• Use fresh samples or aliquot and store and use within one
	• Allowing the reagents to sit for extended times on ice	month for the assay
		• Refer to datasheet and use the recommended filter setting
		• Always thaw and prepare fresh reaction mix before use
Samples with	• Uneven number of cells seeded in the wells	• Seed only equal number of healthy cells (correct passage
erratic readings	• Samples prepared in a different buffer	number)
	• Adherent cells dislodged and lost at the time of experiment	• Use the cell lysis buffer provided in the kit
	• Cell/ tissue samples were not completely homogenized	· Perform experiment gently and in duplicates/triplicates;
	• Samples used after multiple freeze-thaw cycles	apoptotic cells may become floaters
	• Presence of interfering substance in the sample	• Use Dounce homogenizer (increase the number of strokes);
	• Use of old or inappropriately stored samples	observe efficiency of lysis under microscope
		• Aliquot and freeze samples, if needed to use multiple times
		• Troubleshoot as needed
		• Use fresh samples or store at correct temperatures until use
Unanticipated	Measured at incorrect wavelength	• Check the equipment and the filter setting
results	Cell samples contain interfering substances	• Troubleshoot if it interferes with the kit (run proper
		controls)
General issues	Improperly thawed components	• Thaw all components completely and mix gently before use
	• Incorrect incubation times or temperatures	• Refer to datasheet & verify the correct incubation times and
	Incorrect volumes used	temperatures
	• Air bubbles formed in the well/tube	• Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly
	• Substituting reagents from older kits/ lots	• Pipette gently against the wall of the well/tubes
	• Use of a different 96-well plate	• Use fresh components from the same kit

General Troubleshooting Guide for Caspase Colorimetric and Fluorometric Kits:

Tel: +1-832-696-8203; Fax: +1-832-641-3177 http://www.apexbt.com/; Email: sales@apexbt.com.



		Fluorescence: Black plates; Absorbance: Clear plates	
Note# The most probable cause is listed under each section. Causes may overlap with other sections.			

For research use only! Not to be used in humans.

Our promise

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For more details, please visit <u>http://www.apexbt.com/</u> or contact our technical team.

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