

Annexin V-Cy3 Apoptosis Kit

Introduction

Annexin V is a cellular protein, which plays important roles in the inhibition of the activity of phospholipase A1 and blood coagulation by competing for phosphatidylserine (PS) binding sites with prothrombin. Annexin V has a high affinity to PS and is used as a probe to detect cells that have expressed PS on the cell surface. After initiating apoptosis, cells translocate phosphatidylserine (PS) from the inner face of the plasma membrane to the cell surface soon, which can be easily detected by Annexin V. Annexin V-Cy3 Apoptosis Kit uses a fluorescent conjugate of Annexin V that can easily detect PS on the cell surface after initiating apoptosis. The one-step staining procedure needs only 10 minutes. The result can be analyzed by fluorescence microscopy or by flow cytometry.

Components and Storage

| Components | K2004-25 25 assays | K2004-100 100 assays | K2004-400 400 assays |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Annexin V-Cy3 | 125 µl | 500 μΙ | 2 ml |
| 10X Binding Buffer | 1.25 ml | 5 ml | 20 ml |

Store the components at 2-8°C and protect it from long exposure to light; Stable for 6 months.

Preparation of Reagent solution

Prepare 1X Binding Buffer: Dilute 10X Binding Buffer 10-fold with deionized water.

Protocol

- Incubation of cells with Annexin V-Cy3
- 1) Induce apoptosis by desired method.
- 2) Collect $1-5 \times 10^5$ cells by centrifugation.
- 3) Resuspend cells in 500 µl of 1X Binding Buffer.
- 4) Add 5 µl of Annexin V-Cy3.
- 5) Incubate at room temperature for 5 min in the dark.
- 6) Proceed to 2 or 3 below depending on method of analysis.

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2. Quantification by Flow Cytometry

Analyze Annexin V-Cy3 binding by flow cytometry (Ex = 543 nm; Em = 570 nm) using the phycoerythrin emission signal detector (usually FL2).

For analyzing adherent cells, gently trypsinize and wash cells once with serum-containing media before incubation with Annexin V-Cy3 (step 1. 3-5).

3. Detection by Fluorescence Microscopy

1) Place the cell suspension from Step 1.5) on a glass slide. Cover the cells with a glass coverslip.

*Note:

For analyzing adherent cells, grow cells directly on a coverslip. Following incubation (1.5), invert coverslip on a glass slide and visualize cells. The cells can also be washed and fixed in 2% formaldehyde before visualization.

Cells must be incubated with Annexin V-Cy3 before fixation since any cell membrane disruption can cause nonspecific binding of Annexin V to PS on the inner surface of the cell membrane.

2) Observe the cells under a fluorescence microscope using a rhodamine filter. Cells that have bound Annexin V-Cy3 will show red staining in the plasma membrane.

Troubleshooting

| Problems | Cause | Solution |
|------------------------|--|--|
| High Background | Cell density is higher than recommended Increased volumes of components added Incubation of cell samples for extended periods Use of extremely confluent cells Contaminated cells | Refer to datasheet and use the suggested cell number Use calibrated pipettes accurately Refer to datasheets and incubate for exact times Perform assay when cells are at 80-95% confluency Check for bacteria/yeast/mycoplasma contamination |
| Lower signal levels | Washing cells with PBS before/after fixation (adherent cells) Cells did not initiate apoptosis Very few cells used for analysis Incorrect setting of the equipment used to read samples Use of expired kit or improperly stored reagents | Always use binding buffer for washing cells Determine the time-point for initiation of apoptosis after induction (time-course experiment) Refer to data sheet for appropriate cell number Refer to datasheet and use the recommended filter setting Always check the expiry date and store the components appropriately |
| Erratic results | Uneven number of cells seeded in the wells Adherent cells dislodged at the time of experiment Incorrect incubation times or temperatures Incorrect volumes used Increased or random staining observed in adherent cells | Seed only healthy cells (correct passage number) Perform experiment gently and in duplicates or triplicates for each treatment Refer to datasheet & verify correct incubation times and temperatures Use calibrated pipettes and aliquot correctly Always stain cells with Annexin before fixation (makes cell membrane leaky) |

*Note:

The most probable cause is listed under each section. Causes may overlap with other sections.













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