





beta-Nicotinamide mononucleotide

Cat. No.: B7878

CAS No.: 1094-61-7

Formula: C11H16N2O8P

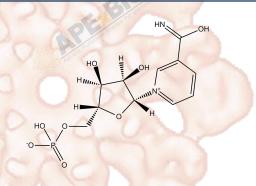
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 Synonyms:
 β -NMN

 Target:
 NMNATs

Pathway: Metabolic Enzyme

Storage: Store at -20° C



Solvent & Solubility

≥33.4 mg/mL in H2O; insoluble in EtOH; insoluble in DMSO

In Vitro

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	1mg	5mg	10mg
	1 mM	2.9920 mL	14.9602 mL	29.9204 mL
	5 mM	0.5984 mL	2.9920 mL	5.9841 mL
	10 mM	0.2992 mL	1.4960 mL	2.9920 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

Biological Activity

Shortsummary

Beta-Nicotinamide mononucleotide (β -NMN; CAS 1094-61-7) is an intermediate metabolite in the nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD+) biosynthetic pathway. By serving as a direct precursor, β -NMN supports NAD+ regeneration, influencing cellular energy metabolism. In Nampt-deficient (Nampt^+/-) mouse models, β -NMN supplementation (50-100 μ M) elevates NAD+ synthesis, improving pancreatic β -cell insulin secretion under glucose stimulation. Additionally, in dietary obesity mouse models at 500 mg/kg/day, β -NMN administration corrects impaired glucose tolerance by restoring intracellular NAD+ concentrations. These properties position β -NMN as a research compound for metabolic regulation and related pathologies.

IC₅₀ & Target

In Vitro

Cell Viability Assay

	Cell Line:	Primary islets isolated from Nampt+/- and control female mice			
	Preparation method:	Islets were cultured overnight or for up to 48 hr in RPMI media containing 50 -			
		100 µ M NMN0			
	Reacting conditions:	50 μM NMN for overnight incubation			
	Applications:	The addition of NMN significantly augmented insulin secretion in response to			
	B Johnson	20 mM glucose in both Nampt+/- and control islets, and after NMN treatment,			
	P Lot Lito te Ind	glucose-stimulated insulin secretion (GSIS) did not differ between Nampt+/-			
	Activity Pariety	and control islets.			
	Animal experiment				
	Animal models:	Nampt+/- female mice			
	Dosage form:	500 mg/kg. Injected intraperitoneally ~ 14 h prior to intraperitoneal glucose			
		tolerance tests (i.p. GTTs)			
	Applications:	After NMN administration, there was no difference in blood glucose levels in			
	RPE BIO	i.p. GTTs between Nampt+/- and control female mice. In addition,			
		NMN-treated Nampt+/- and control mice also had similar plasma insulin levels			
		at each time point. These data clearly indicate that NMN administration			
	Author Politice Polit	corrects the defect in GSIS observed in Nampt+/- mice.			
In Vivo	Preparation method:	For i.p. GTTs, mice were injected with PBS or NMN (500 mg/kg body weight)			
		and fasted for 14 hrs; dextrose (3 g/kg body weight) was then injected			
		intraperitoneally; and blood glucose levels were measured at 0, 15, 30, 60,			
		and 120 min after injection. Plasma was also collected at 0, 15, and 30 min			
		time points after glucose injection and submitted to the Washington University			
		RIA Core Facility for insulin measurements. For insulin tolerance tests, female			
	PE BIO	mice were fasted for 4 hrs; human insulin (0.75 U/kg body weight) was injected			
		intraperitoneally; and blood glucose levels were measured at 0, 15, 30, 45,			
	Color Labor Calecton	and 60 min after insulin injection.			
	Other notes:	The technical data provided above is for reference only.			

Product Citations

See more customer validations on www.apexbt.com.

References

1. Revollo J R, Körner A, Mills K F, et al. Nampt/PBEF/visfatin regulates insulin secretion in B cells as a systemic NAD biosynthetic enzyme. Cell Metabolism, 2007, 6(5): 363-375.

Caution

FOR RESEARCH PURPOSES ONLY.

NOT FOR HUMAN, VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

Specific storage and handling information for each product is indicated on the product datasheet. Most APExBIO products are stable under the recommended conditions. Products are sometimes shipped at a temperature that differs from the recommended storage temperature. Shortterm storage of many products are stable in the short-term at temperatures that differ from that required for long-term storage. We ensure that the product is shipped under conditions that will maintain the quality of the reagents. Upon receipt of the product, follow the storage recommendations on the product data sheet.

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