

Recombinant Human BD-2

Information

Gene ID	1673
Accession #	O15263
Alternate Names	Defensin beta2
Source	Escherichia coli.
M.Wt	Approximately 4.3 kDa, a single non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 41 amino acids.
AA Sequence	GIGDPVTCLK SGAICHPVFC PRRYKQIGTC GLPGTKCCKK P
Appearance	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Stability & Storage	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. - 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied. - 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution. - 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in 20 mM PB, pH 7.4, 130 mM NaCl.
Reconstitution	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at ≤ -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
Biological Activity	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The biological activity determined by a chemotaxis bioassay using immature human dendritic cells is in a concentration range of 10-100 ng/ml.
Shipping Condition	Gel pack.
Handling	Centrifuge the vial prior to opening.
Usage	For Research Use Only! Not to be used in humans.

Components and Storage

Components	5 µg	100 µg	500 μg
Recombinant Human BD-2	5 µg	100 µg	500 µg

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Quality Control

Purity	> 98 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.	Bester to go the disk
Endotoxin	Less than 1 EU/μg of rHuBD-2 as determined	by LAL method.

Description

Defensins (alpha and beta) are cationic peptides with antimicrobial activity against Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria, fungi, and enveloped viruses. They are 2-6 kDa proteins and take important roles in innate immune system. On the basis of their size and pattern of disulfide bonding, mammalian defensins are classified into alpha, beta and theta categories. β -Defensins contain a six-cysteine motif that forms three intra-molecular disulfide bonds. Four human β -defensins have been identified and they are expressed on some leukocytes and at epithelial surfaces. Because β -defensins is cationic peptides, they can therefore interact with the membrane of invading microbes, which are negative due to lipopolysaccharides (LPS) and lipoteichoic acid (LTA) found in the cell membrane. Especially, they have higher affinity to the binding site compared to Ca2+ and Mg2+ ions. Furthermore, they can affect the stability of the membrane.

Referencen

- 1. Rivas-Santiago B, Cervantes-Villagrana A, Sada E, et al. 2012. Arch Med Res, 43: 324-8.
- 2. Poiraud C, Quereux G, Knol AC, et al. 2012. Eur J Dermatol, 22: 634-9.
- 3. Mullin J, Carter S, Williams N, et al. 2013. Vet Microbiol, 162(2-4):700-706.

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