

Product Name: Etomoxir Revision Date: 10/14/2022

Product Data Sheet

Etomoxir

Cat. No.: A3404

CAS No.: 124083-20-1 Formula: C17H23ClO4

M.Wt: 326.82

Pathway:

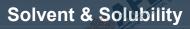
In Vitro

Synonyms: R-(+)-Etomoxir,Etomoxir

CPT1

Target: Metabolism

Storage: Store at -20°C



≥32.7 mg/mL in DMSO; ≥109.6 mg/mL in EtOH; ≥48.3 mg/mL in H2O with gentle warming

Mass Solvent 1mg 5mg 10mg Preparing Concentration Stock Solutions 1 mM 3.0598 mL 15.2989 mL 30.5979 mL 3.0598 mL 5 mM 0.6120 mL 6.1196 mL 10 mM 0.3060 mL 1.5299 mL 3.0598 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

Biological Activity

Shortsummary	(CPT)-1 and DGAT activity inhibitor	
IC ₅₀ & Target		SIQ.
	Cell Viability Assay	
	Cell Line:	Rat heart H9c2 myoblastic cells
	Preparation method:	This compound is soluble in DMSO. General tips for obtaining a higher
In Vitro		concentration: Please warm the tube at 37°C for 10 minutes and/or shake it in
		the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below -20°C for
		several months.
	Reacting conditions:	1-80 μM; 2 h

	Applications:	In rat heart H9c2 myoblastic cells, Etomoxir concentration-dependently
		reduced [1-14C]oleic acid incorporation into phosphatidylglycerol (PtdGro) and
		cardiolipin (CL). In contrast, etomoxir increased [1,3-3H]glycerol incorporation
		into CL.
	Animal experiment	
	Animal models:	Experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE) mice model
	Dosage form:	15 mg/kg i.p.; days 8 and 15
	Applications:	In experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis (EAE) mice, Etomoxir reduced
		disease severity and the inflammatory response. Etomoxir-treated mice
In Vivo		displayed a reduced immune cell infiltration in the CNS with few macrophages,
		activated microglia, or T cells present. Etomoxir also reduced inflammation and
		demyelination in the CNS.
	Other notes:	Please test the solubility of all compounds indoor, and the actual solubility may
	40.	slightly differ with the theoretical value. This is caused by an experimental
	In Unitrovin	system error and it is normal.

References

[1]. Xu FY1, Taylor WA, Hurd JA, et al. Etomoxir mediates differential metabolic channeling of fatty acid and glycerol precursors into cardiolipin in H9c2 cells. J Lipid Res. 2003 Feb;44(2):415-23. Epub 2002 Nov 4.

[2] Shriver LP1, Manchester M. Inhibition of fatty acid metabolism ameliorates disease activity in an animal model of multiple sclerosis. Sci Rep. 2011;1:79.

Caution

FOR RESEARCH PURPOSES ONLY.

NOT FOR HUMAN, VETERINARY DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE.

Specific storage and handling information for each product is indicated on the product datasheet. Most APExBIO products are stable under the recommended conditions. Products are sometimes shipped at a temperature that differs from the recommended storage temperature. Shortterm storage of many products are stable in the short-term at temperatures that differ from that required for long-term storage. We ensure that the product is shipped under conditions that will maintain the quality of the reagents. Upon receipt of the product, follow the storage recommendations on the product data sheet.

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